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From Tuesday October 18. to Saturday October 22. 1715.

ST. *James's, October* 21. The following Addreſſes have been preſented to His Majeſty.

An humble Addreſs of the High-Sheriff, Cuſtos Rotulorum, Grand-Jury, Clergy, Gentlemen and other Freeholders of the County of Pembroke, having been ſent up by Sir Arthur Owen, Bart. his Majeſty's Lieutenant of that County, was preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Townſhend, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

An humble Addreſs of the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of Ely; as alſo of the Chief Juſtice, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand-Jury, Clergy, Gentlemen, and other Freeholders of the Iſle of Ely; preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of Ely.

Which Addreſſes His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

Edingburgh, October 16. In the Night between the 12th and 13th Inſtant, about 1500 of the Rebels paſſed over from Fife in Boats, and landed at Gullon, North-Berwick, Aberlady, and other Places. The Frigates lying in the Fryth could not fall down time enough to intercept them, but a large Boat which had been manned out from Leith fell in amongſt them, and took one Boat with above 40 Highlanders. On the 13th about Noon the Rebels entered Hadington. That Night the Marquis of Twedale, Lord Belhaven, and divers Gentlemen, with a good Number of Horſe, and the greateſt part of the Militia of Eaſt Lothian, came into this Town. On the 14th the Rebels advanced from Hadington towards this Place, and about 6 a Clock in the Evening came within leſs than a Mile of it; but hearing the Gates were ſhut, and that all were in Arms to defend them, and to prevent their ſcaling the Walls, they filed off to Leith, which being an open Place they entred it about 8 at Night, deſigning to make us a Viſit the next Morning. Upon the firſt Intelligence which the Duke of Argyle had of their being landed, and on their March to Hadington, his Grace immediately ſent a Detachment of Dragoons to Linlithgow, which is ſituate halfway between this Place and Sterling, till he knew what Route the Rebels would take: But as ſoon as he heard that they were on the way hither, he marched from Sterling with another Detachment of Dragoons, and a Party of Foot, mounted for Expedition on Horſes furniſhed by the Country People, uſing ſuch Diligence, that with them and with the Detachment which was at Linlithgow, he came hither yeſterday Morning between one and two a Clock, and was joined by the Horſe-Militia of this County, and of Hadington and the Merſs, and with Numbers of Volunteers both Horſe and Foot. The Rebels being informed of this, left the South-Part of Leith, and paſſed by a Bridge to the North-Part of that Town, where is an old Fortification called the Citadel: They placed two Ship-Guns on the Bridge, carried ſome Meal from the Town into the Citadel, and worked hard in caſting up an Intrenchment on the Land-ſide. The Duke of Argyle having let the Troops take a little Refreſhment after ſo long a Journey, marched with them and the Militia and Volunteers to Leith; where ſeeing that the Rebels could not be fallen upon immediately without very great Diſadvantage, he returned hither, and cauſed the neceſſary Preparations to be made for ſpeedily attacking them with Cannon; but the middle of laſt Night the Rebels taking the Opportunity of the low Ebb, marched off by the Sands Eaſtward. His Grace has ordered out ſome Parties of Horſe to obſerve their Motion. They cannot March far, being all Foot, and much fatigued. 'Tis thought they are gone to Seton-Houſe, a Seat of the Earl of Winton's, which is large and walled. By an Expreſs laſt Night we had Advice of Evans's and Wightman's Regiments being arrived from Ireland. The Earl of Mar continues at Perth.

Whitehall, October 22. On Wedneſday laſt George Dormer, Author of the News-Paper called Dormer's Letter, who ſucceeded Mr. John Dyer in that Employment, and has for ſome Years laſt paſt impos'd upon the Country by his ſcandalous and falſe Account of Affairs, was ſent for to the Secretaries Office, where the Oath of Abjuration of the Pretender was tender'd unto him by two of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, which he refus'd to take, and upon Examination confeſs'd himſelf to be a Papiſt, and was accordingly convicted as ſuch: